

(and what WOFF2 has to do with it)

April 14, 2016

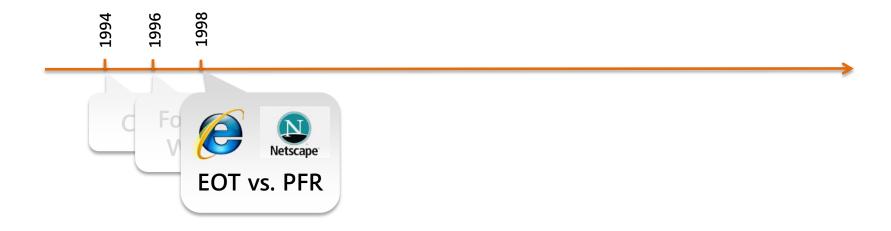
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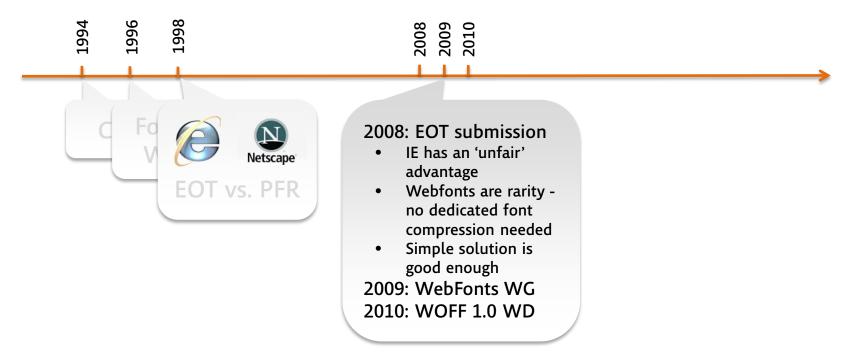
Talking Points

- Fonts on the web (a bit of history)
- WOFF
- WOFF2
- Brotli
- Web fonts performance in Digital Ads
- Business implications

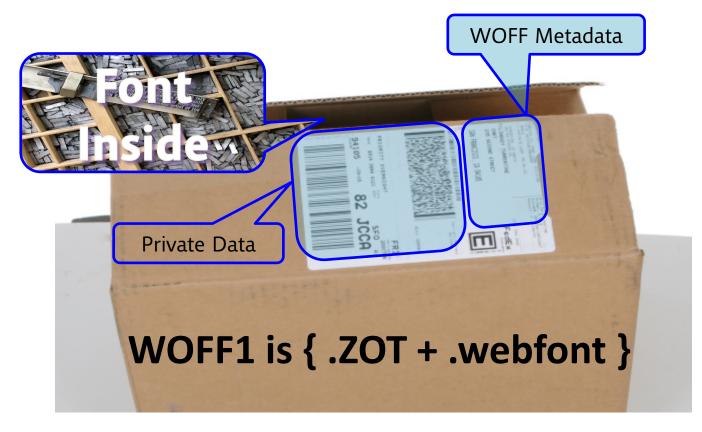


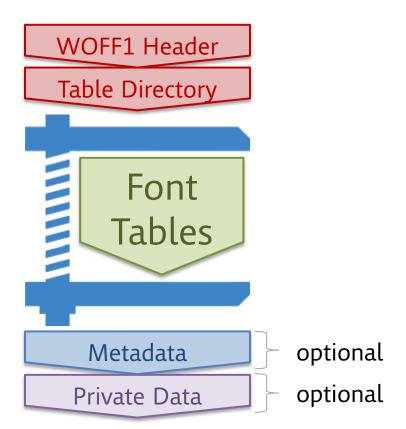






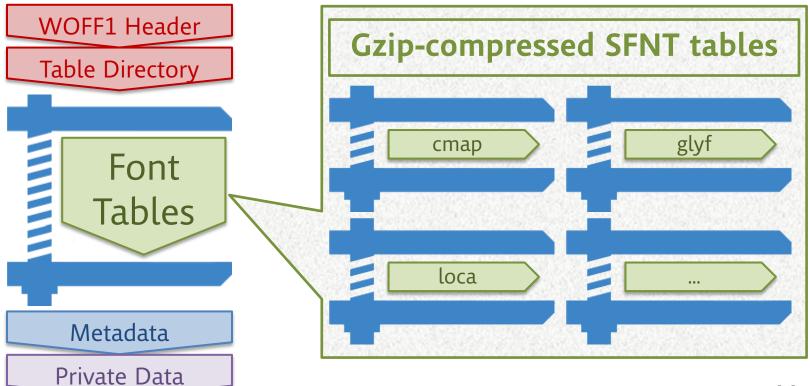
WOFF is not a new font format





WOFF1 Header Table Directory Font **Tables** Metadata Private Data

Contains identifying signature, indicates the specific kind of font data (TTF, OTF, etc.), provides the file parsing information, font table directory, etc.



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WOFF1 Header Table Directory Font **Tables** Metadata Private Data

Gzip-compressed SFNT tables

- Each table can be individually compressed or kept "as is"
- Enables HTTP range request to allow parts of WOFF be selectively read and processed

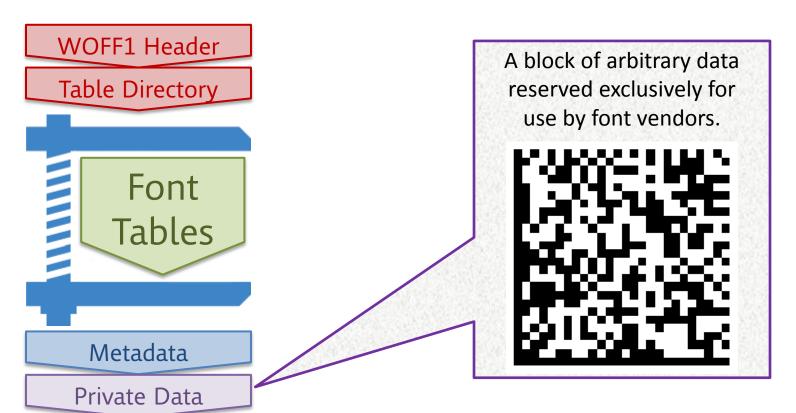
What we learned:

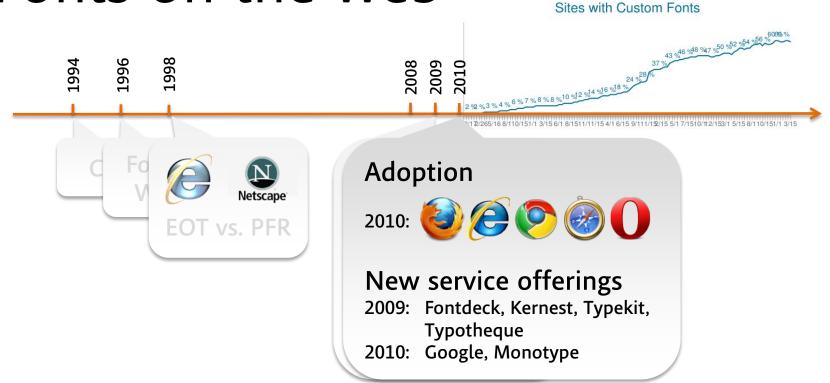
• HTTP GET request for partial content takes more time than the byte transfer itself!

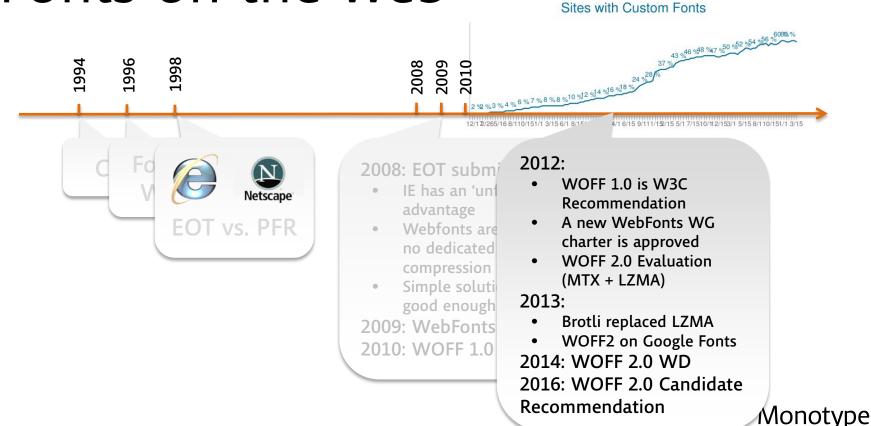
WOFF1 Header **Table Directory** Font **Tables** Metadata Private Data

Unique ID	A unique identifier for the font	
Vendor	The vendor name and URL	
Credits	Info about designer, hinter, etc.	
Description	Typeface description, history, use recommendation, etc.	
License Info	Information about font license	
Copyright	A copyright notice for the font	
Trademark	A trademark statement	
Licensee	The licensee for the font	
Extensions	Vendor-specific extended info	

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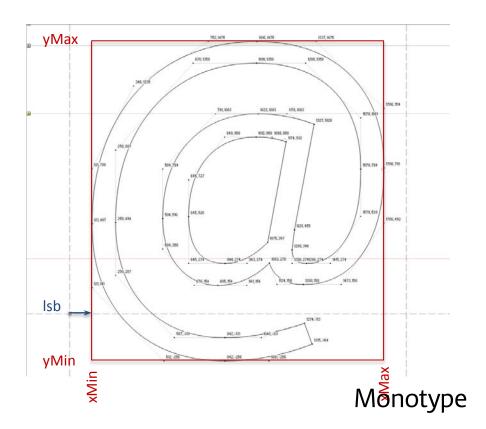


WOFF2 (EOT Reinvented)

- EOT includes MicroType Express® (MTX) content-aware preprocessing steps yielding ~ 15% size reduction compared to original font data
- LZMA a new, complex entropy coder yielding ~ 12% in lossless compression gain over gzip
- MTX + LZMA the best of both worlds combined?
- WOFF2 design restrictions
 - Single-pass decoding
 - Compression may be slow(er) but decompression has to be fast!

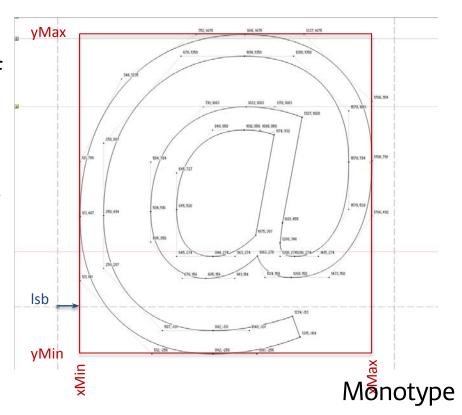
MTX

- TTF has a lot of built-in redundancy
 - Can be eliminated to reduce data size
 - Can be restructured to improve compression gains (e.g. coordinate stream)



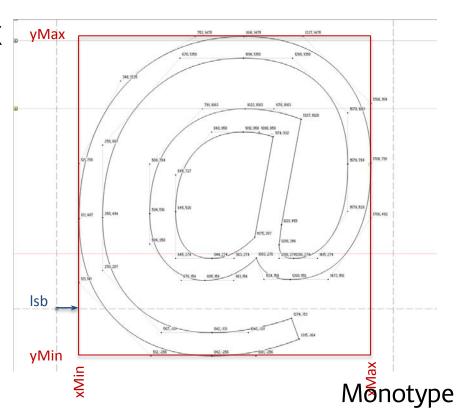
MTX

- MTX preprocessing
 - Bounding box eliminated (if it can be reconstructed from the outline coordinates)
 - Hint instructions, push data and the rest of the font tables are organized in three data sets
 - 'loca' table eliminated reconstructed when glyph records are restored



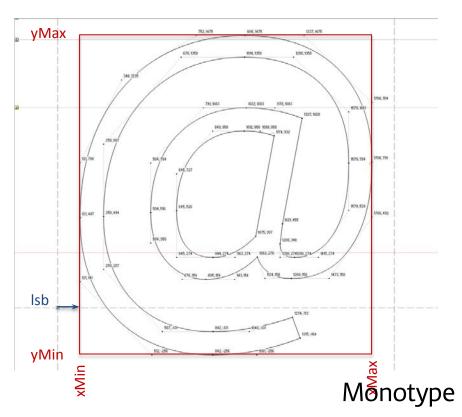
MTX

- Other ideas borrowed from MTX
 - Variable-length data types
 - Triplet encoding for point coordinates
- MTX parts that didn't make it
 - 'cvt', 'hdmx' and 'vdmx' table optimizations, "Push Data" processing – added complexity with diminishing returns
 - Minimal or no gains with improved entropy coding



WOFF2

- Content-aware preprocessing
 - Bounding box eliminated (same as in MTX)
 - LSB data eliminated (if matches bounding box xMin) – new in WOFF2
 - 'loca' table eliminated (same as in MTX)
 - Flags, Instructions and glyph point coordinates are split & concatenated into separate data streams



TTF glyphs vs. WOFF2 glyphs

```
qlyfTable {
    qlyfRecord[];
qlyfRecord {
    numContours;
    boundingBox[];
    endPoints[];
    instructionLength;
    instructions[];
    flags[];
    xCoordinates[];
    yCoordinates[];
```

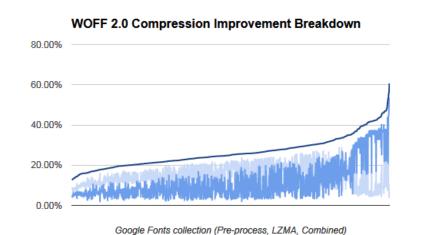
```
glyfTable {
    numGlyphs;
    indexFormat;
    streamSizes[];
    nContourStream[];
    nPointStream[];
    flagStream[];
    glyphStream[];
    compositeStream[];
    bboxBitmap[];
    bboxStream[];
    instructionStream[];
```

WOFF2

	Compression Improvement (above WOFF 1.0			
WOFF 2.0 Preprocess + LZMA	WOFF 2.0 Preprocess	WOFF 2.0 LZMA	WOFF 2.0 Preprocess + LZMA	
Average	14.45%	11.96%	26.40%	
Median	13.75%	8.76%	25.01%	
Stdev	5.35%	9.27%	7.59%	
Min	3.67%	1.63%	12.60%	
Max	32.24%	53.11%	60.66%	
68,120	10.17%	45.54%	55.71%	
69,960	10.57%	44.54%	55.11%	
69,308	9.72%	44.02%	53.74%	
713,892	32.24%	20.66%	52.90%	
19,248	7.70%	44.16%	51.86%	
15,840	7.68%	43.20%	50.88%	
784,040	27.32%	21.85%	49.18%	
78,580	25.25%	23.15%	48.40%	
59,272	26.06%	22.11%	48.17%	
707,620	21.47%	25.94%	47.41%	
55,640	9.11%	38.01%	47.12%	
56,476	9.36%	37.72%	47.08%	
62,984	14.30%	32.72%	47.03%	
56,736	9.39%	37.62%	47.01%	
57,752	25.01%	21.99%	47.00%	
56.584	9.19%	37.71%	46.90%	

LZMA

- Good compression ratios but _very_slow_
- "Too complex to write a specification" (Igor Pavlov, LZMA inventor)



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Brotli (the next best thing since sliced bread)



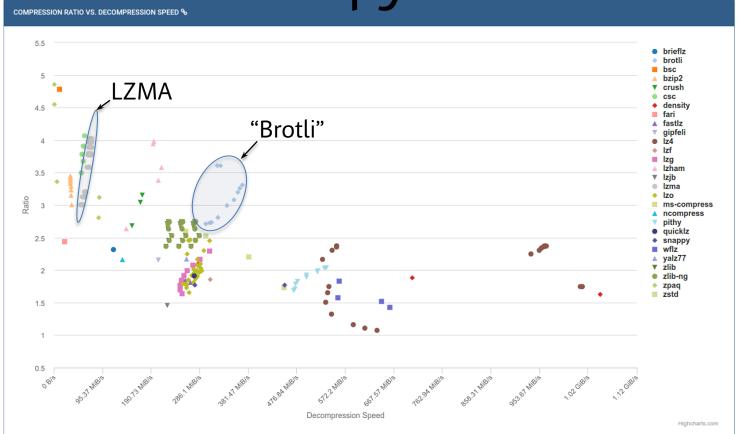
Brotli design

- Brotli is a new general-purpose lossless data compression format.
- Brotli is an improved Deflate (RFC1951, gzip, zip, deflate, ...):
 - 2nd order context, i.e., how consequent bytes depend on each other.
 - Reuse of entropy codes (cheaper switching of streams, HTML, English, HTML, JavaScript, Chinese, back to English)
 - Plenty of other small technical improvements that add up to big gains
- Designed for WOFF 2.0
 - based on good experiences with deploying Zopfli in WOFF 1.0

Brotli performance

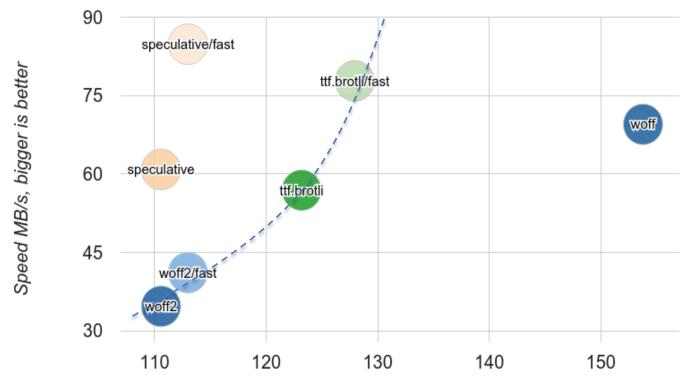
- Compression speed similar with gzip and Zopfli.
 - "Compression Performance Dial" a full range of 0.5 to 150 MB/s compression speeds are available for controlling the trade-off between speed and compression density.
- Compression density is increased by 17–25 %
- Decompression speed similar with gzip and Zopfli. Around 300 MB/s with a desktop computer, 50 MB/s on a mobile phone

WOFF2 Entropy coder



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What if WOFF2 gets "Reinvented"



Size, MB, smaller is better

WOFF2 Adoption

- Chrome (since version 36)
- Opera (since version 23)
- Firefox (since version 39)
- Edge
- Safari

```
The latest Insider builds of Edge support WOFF 2.0 for faster font loading

Speed is everything

ARIF BACCHUS SEMAIL SEMABACJOURN
MAY 3, 2016 AT 11:15 AM
```

Can I use WOFF2? (http://caniuse.com/#feat=woff2)

Web Fonts Adoption (stats)





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WOFF is brought to you by ...



WOFF is brought to you by ...



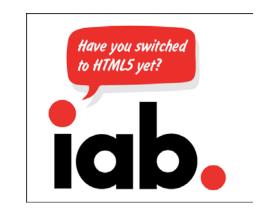
WOFF2 References

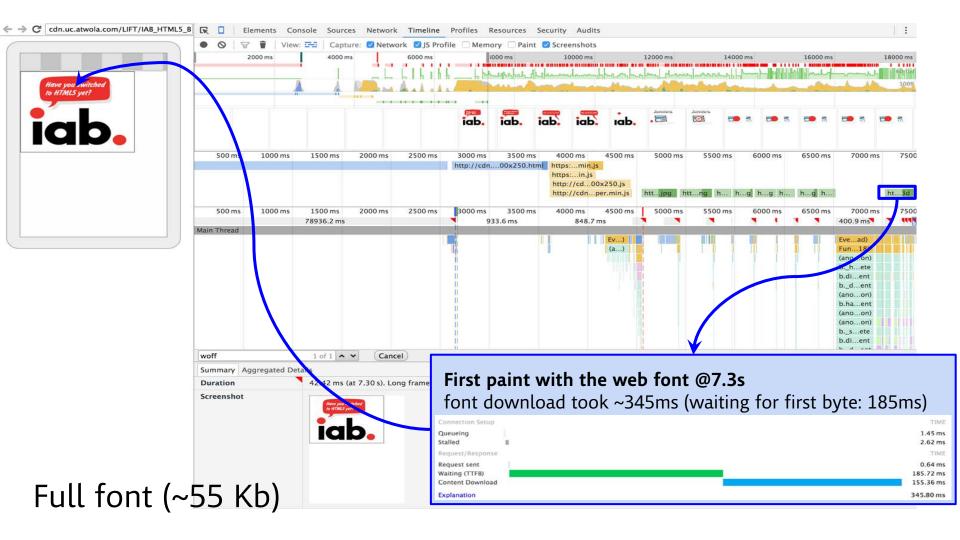
- Web fonts adoption trends
 - http://httparchive.org/trends.php?s=All&minlabel=Nov+15+2010&maxlabel=Mar+15+2016#perFonts
- WOFF2 Specification https://dev.w3.org/webfonts/WOFF2/spec/
- WOFF2 Evaluation Report https://www.w3.org/TR/WOFF20ER/
- WOFF2 Reference Implementation https://github.com/google/woff2
- WOFF2 Conformance Test Suite https://github.com/w3c/woff2-compiled-tests
- WOFF2 performance improvements:

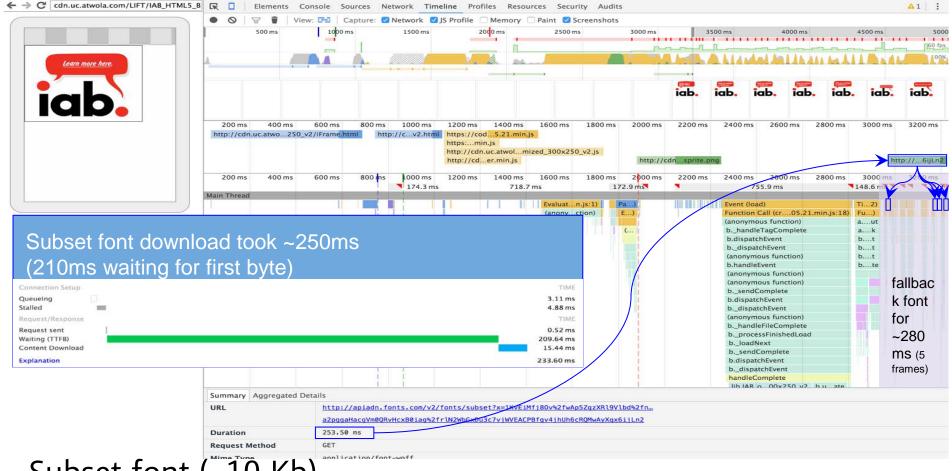
 $\underline{https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/10ZuRkawUDmeNKQCkmXrenCBva53NBKSwFzaBWEmn-8Y/pub?start=false\&loop=false&delayms=3000\#slide=id.ge3ca6265b_0_0$

Web Fonts in Digital Ads

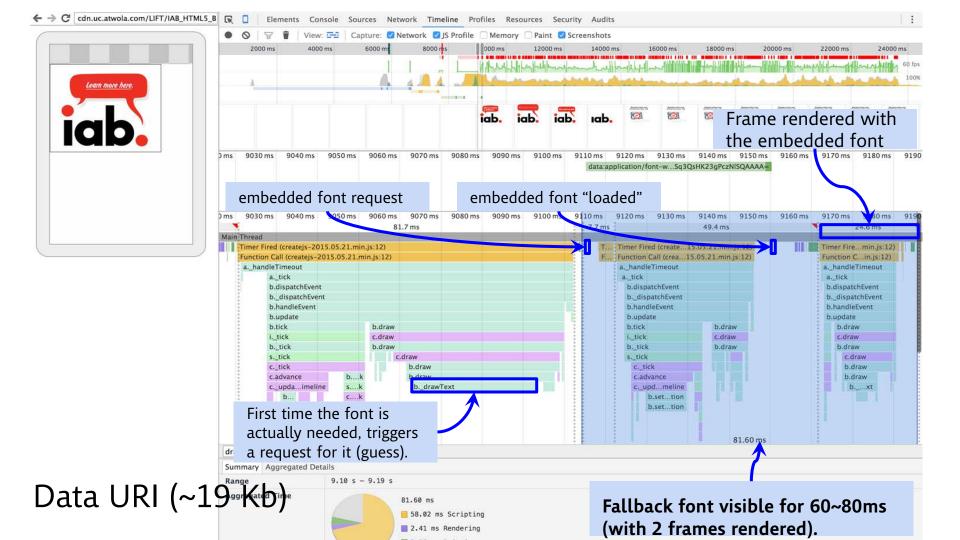
- IAB "HTML5 for Digital Ads" guidelines are published on April 11, 2016
 - Subclause 3.4 is dedicated to "Text and Fonts" and offers an excellent summary of all the benefits us using real fonts in digital ads, including those that are hosted online!







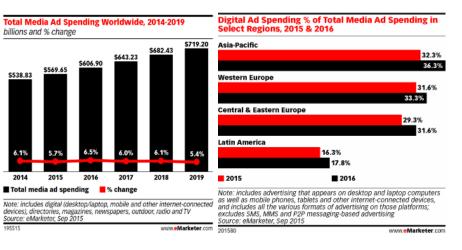
Subset font (~10 Kb)



Typography use cases are much broader than web sites!



Digital Advertising is a huge opportunity



- Global economy / Global brands
- HTML5 Ad Impressions are 10x to 100x higher vs. Web Page Views
- Text-as-Images are default behaviour
- "Mini little HTML5 web sites" inside larger websites
- Responsive, Cross Screen, Dynamic, Personalized, Localized Content driving real text use
- Remind you of anything? Same drivers that fueled web font adoption to 60%+

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Browsers no longer render Flash Plug-in Content Google – June 30th, 2016 deadline!



Safari's "Power Saver" in action: a Flash banner ad loads, but will not run unless clicked on by the user.



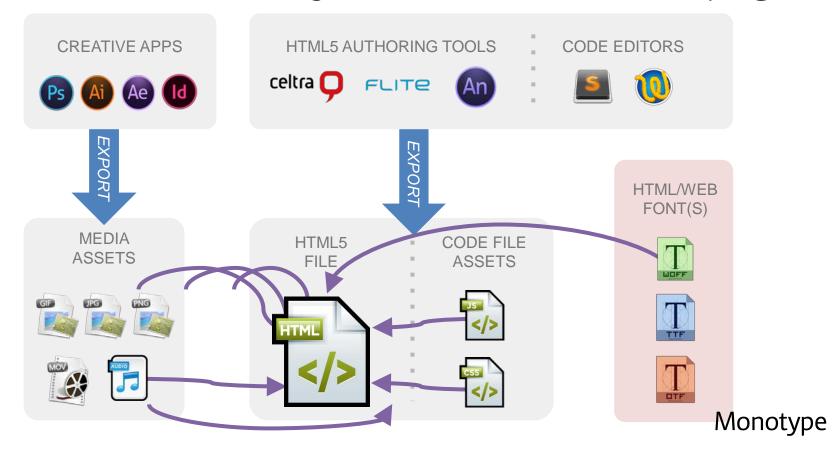
The common language of the web

Open source industry standard

Ubiquitous support across every device

Wide choice of authoring methods

HTML5 ads are many files. Same as web pages.



On the Cusp of Availability

Today

Awareness

Industry Partners, Partner Tools, Flaspocolypse, Marketing & Education, Move Away from Text-As-Images

Availability

Partner Tools, DA License Product, Sell Direct & via Distribution Partners

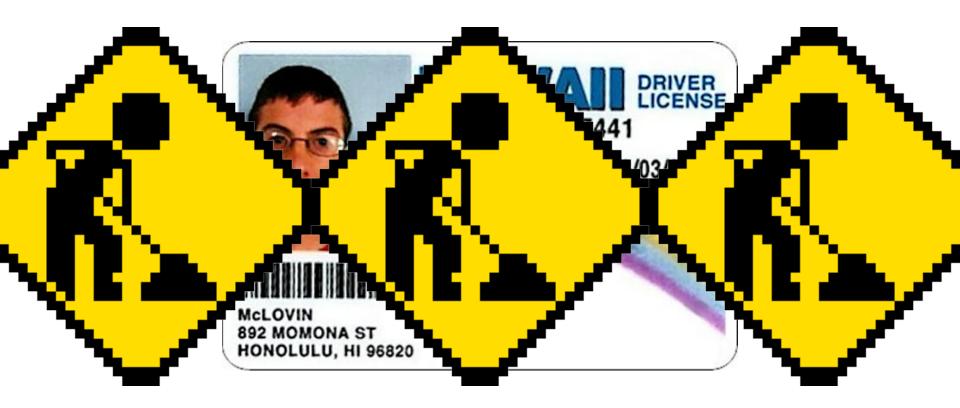
Adoption

Partner Tools, License Product, Direct Sales & Distribution Sales

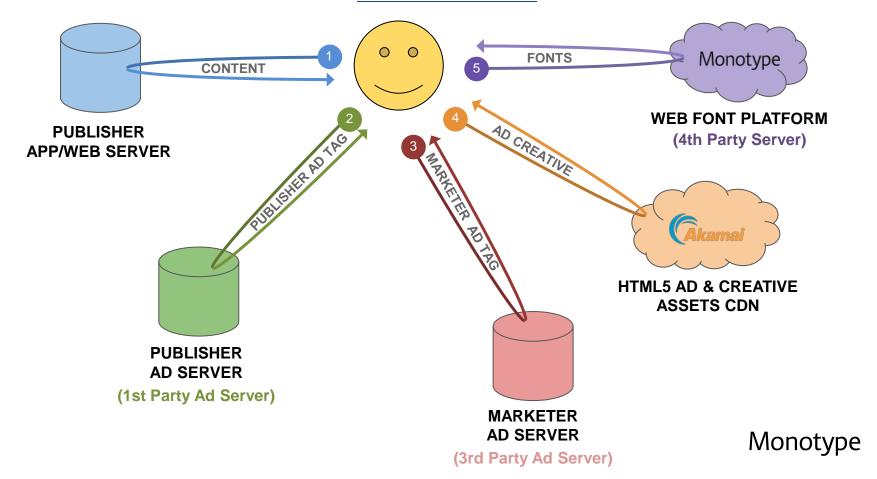
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Web Fonts in Ads Have Licensing Obstacles...

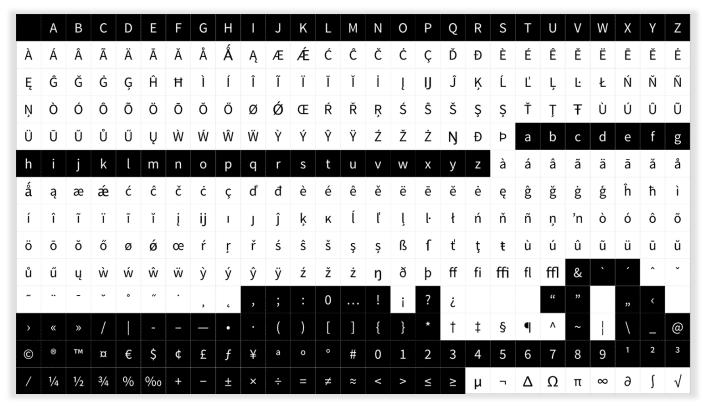


Web fonts Have Certification Obstacles...





Subsetting to the Rescue!



The Interactive Advertising Bureau

- IAB "HTML5 for Digital Ads" guidelines... April 11, 2016
- Publicly endorse Web Fonts in Digital Ads
 - My favorite quote:
 "Server-side support: The fonts used by your ad unit(s) may be hosted online by third party servers (such as ad servers and publishers or web font service providers)."



Innovation – Technology Enablers

- WOFF2.0
- HTTP 2 reduce # of Refer Requests
- Base64 Encoding (has been done on the web for a while)
 - Fonts inline with HTML of the ad
- Font subsetting
 - Font embedding in the ad (the Flash model)
- Reduce overhead and improve performance
 - Ad Load Times

Innovation – New License Products

- Ad Serving requires a different license
 - No Domain Restriction
 - Allows for distribution/embedding of fonts within HTML5, SWF, SVG, etc.
 - Tracking/counting code optional
 - Can be paid for after the campaign runs
 - Font Subsetting tools provided within Monotype account
 - Desktop font license included
- Make things easier for end users and they will do the right thing

Innovation - New Business Models

- Continued Market education needed
 - HTML5 is a different use case, layman's explanation as to why you need a license!
- Focus on solving the end user problem
- Tools & Partnerships
 - HTML5 Ad / Content Authoring Tools
 - Hand Rolling editors & web optimization libraries
 - Custom Font Uploads
 - Fonts should be as easy to use as they are in MS Word
- CPM-based (cost per 1000 Ad Impressions) pricing
 - Subscription or perpetual models are valid options

