

W3C Web of Things

W3C Auto WG F2F Meeting April 2016





Internet of Things - Landscape

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Home (145 Companies)

SmartThings O LightFreq

nest greenwave BLINK

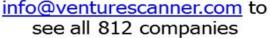
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Internet of Things

Contact





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IoT Challenges

Fragmentation

Incompatible platforms and data silos

Wide range of technologies

- Generic connectivity
- Vertical domains
- Uniform data representation and processing
 - > No uniform nomenclature for sensors, domains, measurements, units

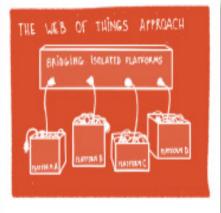
Hard task for application developers

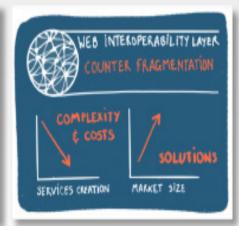
- Learn the technologies
- Making interoperable solutions
- Address the fragmentation in the market
- Create cross domain applications

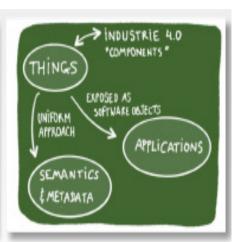


Web of Things









The Web is fuelling a transition from costly monolithic software to open markets of apps

Source: Building the Web of Things, Dave Ragget in W3C Track, WWW 2016



Web of Things - Motivation

Web of Things (WoT) concept is becoming more popular

- Leverage web standards and technologies to interconnect all types of devices.
- Expose functionalities using RESTful APIs making them easier to access and use.
- > Provide truly open, flexible, scalable and interoperable services.



Problem to be Addressed

- Fragmentation in IoT platforms and technologies
- High cost of integration into an existing solution
- Barriers for semantic interoperability
- Security, privacy and trust



How to Solve

Open standards for Web based abstraction layer

- Complement existing platforms and standards
- > Enable platforms to interoperate securely



WoT – Clean Separation of Concerns

Application Developer (WoT focus)	Application	Scripts that define thing behaviour in terms of their properties, actions and events, using APIs for control of sensor and actuator hardware Focus on data types and APIs
	Things	Software objects that hold their state Abstract thing to thing messages Semantics and Metadata, Data models and Data
Platform Developer (IoT focus)	Transfer	Bindings of abstract messages to mechanisms provided by each protocol, including choice of communication pattern, e.g. pull, push, pub-sub, peer to peer, etc.
	Transport	REST based protocols, e.g. HTTP, CoAP Pub-Sub protocols, e.g. MQTT, XMPP Others, including non IP transports, e.g. Bluetooth
	Network	Underlying communication technology with support for exchange of simple messages (packets) Many technologies designed for different requirements

Source: Building the Web of Things, Dave Ragget in W3C Track, WWW 2016



W3C WoT Interest Group

- Workshop in Berlin (June 2014)
- Launch of WoT IG in early 2015
 - Chaired by Joerg Heuer, Siemens
 - First F2F Meeting in April 2015, hosted by Siemens
 - Wiki https://www.w3.org/WoT/IG/wiki/Main Page

Task forces

- Thing descriptions and metadata
- Scripting APIs and protocols
- Discovery and provisioning
- Security, privacy and resilience
- Communications and collaboration
- WG Charter is under preparation
 - Will start from late 2016



W3C WoT Interest Group

Strong emphasis on practical implementation

- Organizing demonstrations of WoT and plugfests in F2F meetings
- Exploring interoperability among implementations
- Arrive at a shared understanding

Compiled a document on current practices for WoT

Available at - http://w3c.github.io/wot/current-practices/wot-practices.html



Thing Description and Metadata

What kind of data do you serve?



Who are you?

How can I access the data/function?

What kind of function do you have?

What kind of protocols/encodings do you support?

Are there some security constrains?

Source: Building Blocks for an Interoperable Web of Things – W3C WoT and BIG IoT, Sebastian Kaebisch in W3C Track, WWW 2016



Thing Description Overview

Three fold objectives

- Minimal vocabulary set to describe Things' capabilities and how to access/use them
- Extensible in order to add domain specific and unspecific context
- Optimized representation to describe resource constrained Things

Current Working Model

Semantic Metadata - Generic Thing information - Context enrichment

Thing's Interaction Resources

- Property
- Action
- Event

Thing Description

- Thing's protocol support - Data exchange formats - Bindings to an interaction resource

Security

- Prerequisites to access things/ resources - Protecting TD

JSON-LD Example

```
{
  "@context": ["http://w3c.github.io/wot/w3c-wot-td-context.jsonld"],
  "@type": "Thing",
  "name": "MyTemperatureThing",
  "uris": "coap://www.mytemp.com:5683/",
  "encodings": ["JSON"],
  "properties": [
    {
        "name": "temperature",
        "valueType": "xsd:float",
        "writable": false,
        "hrefs": ["temp"]
    }
  ]
}
```

Scripting APIs and Binding to Protocols

What is Scripting API

Programming interface that allows scripts to discover things through a Discovery API, issue requests through a Client API, provide resources through a Server API, and access directly attached hardware through a Physical API.

Protocol binding

Exploring binding to HTTP, CoAP and MQTT



Scripting APIs for WoT

Local

Remote

Read/Write

properties

Call actions

Descriptions

WoT Client API WoT Server API Discover Things Advertise Things Script App Local Remote WoT Server Physical Physical **WoT Client** Serve Clients Access Things API API API API COAPIMOT MQTT COAP BLE Handle read/ write requests Handle action calls Observe events Trigger events Consider Thing Consider Thing Physical API BLE XXX Descriptions Provides access to physical objects 0 (sensors/actuators) Knows how to control these objects (also using proprietary protocols)

Source: Scripting APIs for the Web of Things, Louay Bassbouss in W3C Track, WWW 2016



Resource Discovery

Discovery things and their metadata

Six mechanisms

- Search around ME (e.g. UriBeacon, iBeacon)
- Search on a network (e.g. SSDP, mDNS)
- Search in a directory (e.g. CoAP)
- Search across Peers (e.g. CoAP RELOAD)
- Search for metadata (e.g. CoRE Link Format)
- Search using semantics



Provisioning

It includes several aspects

- Initial setting up of IoT devices and services
- > Binding to network and security attributes
- Process of applying security
- Configuration management and other updates
- E.g. OMA LwM2M



Security, Privacy and Resilience

Working towards

- Security and privacy (SP) challenges
- > SP requirements
- > SP landscape and advanced concepts
- Wiki -

https://www.w3.org/WoT/IG/wiki/Security, Privacy and Resilience



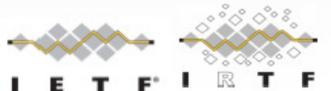
Communications and collaboration

Reaching out to industry alliances and SDO's to drive

convergence to unleash the potential

Plattform Industrie 4.0
 Especially the "semantics" subgroup

- Industrial Internet Consortium
- Open Connectivity Foundation
- OPC Foundation
- IETF/IRTF
- oneM2M
- AIOTI









INDUSTRIE 4.0

industrial internet®

CONSORTIUM

Source: Building the Web of Things, Dave Ragget in W3C Track, WWW 2016



Deliverables

Current practices document

Compilation of experimental specifications being used in WoT

Architecture

Underlying architectural concepts of WoT

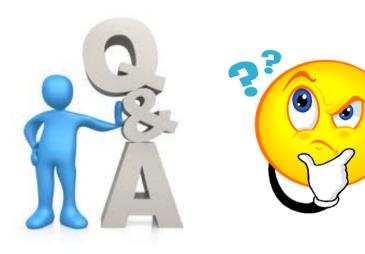
Uses cases and requirements

- Atomic use cases
- Survey of current technology landscape
- Available at
 - http://w3c.github.io/wot/



Thank you!





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